WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2018 REGULAR SESSION

ENROLLED

Committee Substitute

for

House Bill 4279

By Delegates Rowan, Fast, Moye, Paynter,

PETHTEL, ROHRBACH, ELDRIDGE, LYNCH, MAYNARD,

LOVEJOY AND FLEISCHAUER

[Passed March 6, 2018; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §9-6-1 and §9-6-2 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to adult protective services system; defining terms; and adding a goal that must be consider when creating a rule.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 6. SOCIAL SERVICES FOR ADULTS.

§9-6-1. Definitions.

As used in this article:

- (1) "Adult protective services agency" means any public or nonprofit private agency, corporation, board or organization furnishing protective services to adults:
- (2) "Abuse" means the infliction or threat to inflict physical pain or injury on or the imprisonment of any incapacitated adult or facility resident;
- (3) "Neglect" means the unreasonable failure by a caregiver to provide the care necessary to assure the physical safety or health of an incapacitated adult;
- (4) "Incapacitated adult" means any person who by reason of physical, mental or other infirmity is unable to independently carry on the daily activities of life necessary to sustaining life and reasonable health;
- (5) "Emergency" or "emergency situation" means a situation or set of circumstances which presents a substantial and immediate risk of death or serious injury to an incapacitated adult;
- (6) "Financial exploitation" means the intentional misappropriation or misuse of funds or assets of an incapacitated adult or facility resident, but does not apply to a transaction or disposition of funds or assets where a person made a good faith effort to assist the incapacitated adult or facility resident with the management of his or her money or other things of value;
- (7) "Legal representative" means a person lawfully invested with the power and charged with the duty of taking care of another person or with managing the property and rights of another person, including, but not limited to, a guardian, conservator, medical power of attorney representative, trustee or other duly appointed person;

- (8) "Nursing home" or "facility" means any institution, residence, intermediate care facility for individuals with an intellectual disability, care home or any other adult residential facility, or any part or unit thereof, that is subject to the provisions of §16-5C-1 *et seq.*, §16-5D-1 *et seq.* §16-5E-1 *et seq.*, or §16-5H-1 *et seq.* §16-5C-1 *et seq.* of this code;
- (9) "Regional long-term care ombudsman" means any paid staff of a designated regional long-term care ombudsman program who has obtained appropriate certification from the Bureau for Senior Services and meets the qualifications set forth in §16-5I-7 of this code;
- (10) "Facility resident" means an individual living in a nursing home or other facility, as that term is defined in subdivision (7) of this section;
- (11) "Responsible family member" means a member of a resident's family who has undertaken primary responsibility for the care of the resident and who has established a working relationship with the nursing home or other facility in which the resident resides. For purposes of this article, a responsible family member may include someone other than the resident's legal representative;
- (12) "State Long-term Care Ombudsman" means an individual who meets the qualifications of §16-5I-5 of this code and who is employed by the State Bureau for Senior Services to implement the State Long-term Care Ombudsman Program;
 - (13) "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources.
- (14) "Caregiver" means a person or entity who cares for or shares in the responsibility for the care of an incapacitated adult on a full-time or temporary basis, regardless of whether such person or entity has been designated as a guardian or custodian of the incapacitated adult by any contract, agreement or legal procedures. Caregiver includes health care providers, family members, and any person who otherwise voluntarily accepts a supervisory role towards an incapacitated adult.

§9-6-2. Adult protective services; immunity from civil liability; rules; organization and duties.

- (a) There is continued within the Department of Health and Human Resources the system of adult protective services heretofore existing.
- (b) The secretary shall propose rules for legislative approval in accordance with the provisions of §29A-3-1 *et seq.* of this code regarding the organization and duties of the adult protective services system and the procedures to be used by the department to effectuate the purposes of this article. The rules may be amended and supplemented from time to time.
- (c) The secretary shall design and arrange such rules to attain, or move toward the attainment, of the following goals to the extent that the secretary believes feasible under the provisions of this article within the state appropriations and other funds available:
- (1) Assisting adults who are abused, neglected, financially exploited or incapacitated in achieving or maintaining self-sufficiency and self-support and preventing, reducing and eliminating their dependency on the state;
- (2) Preventing, reducing and eliminating neglect, financial exploitation and abuse of adults who are unable to protect their own interests;
- (3) Preventing and reducing institutional care of adults by providing less intensive forms of care, preferably in the home;
- (4) Referring and admitting abused, neglected, financially exploited or incapacitated adults to institutional care only where other available services are inappropriate;
- (5) Providing services and monitoring to adults in institutions designed to assist adults in returning to community settings;
- (6) Preventing, reducing and eliminating the exploitation of incapacitated adults and facility residents through the joint efforts of the various agencies of the Department of Health and Human Resources, the adult protective services system, the state and regional long-term care

- ombudsmen, administrators of nursing homes or other residential facilities and county prosecutors;
 - (7) Preventing, reducing and eliminating abuse, neglect, and financial exploitation of residents in nursing homes or facilities; and
 - (8) Coordinating investigation activities for complaints of financial exploitation, abuse and neglect of incapacitated adults and facility residents among the various agencies of the Department of Health and Human Resources, the adult protective services system, the state and regional long-term care ombudsmen, administrators of nursing homes or other residential facilities, county prosecutors, if necessary, and other state or federal agencies or officials, as appropriate.
 - (d) No adult protective services caseworker may be held personally liable for any professional decision or action thereupon arrived at in the performance of his or her official duties as set forth in this section or agency rules promulgated thereupon: *Provided*, That nothing in this subsection protects any adult protective services worker from any liability arising from the operation of a motor vehicle or for any loss caused by gross negligence, willful and wanton misconduct or intentional misconduct.
 - (e) The rules proposed by the secretary shall provide for the means by which the department shall cooperate with federal, state and other agencies to fulfill the objectives of the system of adult protective services.

The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.
Chairman, House Committee
Chairman, Senate Committee
Originating in the House.
In effect ninety days from passage.
Clerk of the House of Delegates
Clerk of the Senate
Speaker of the House of Delegates
President of the Senate
The within this the
day of, 2018.
Governor